

LEARNING OBJECTIVE: We will explore similarity in geometric figures.
(G8M3L1)

CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT:

Similarity: Two geometric figures are considered to be similar if they are **proportional** to each other. *SAME SHAPE POSSIBLY DIFFERENT SIZE*

<p><u>Example:</u></p>	<p><u>Non-Example:</u></p>
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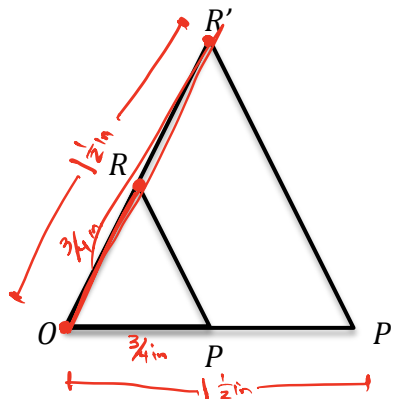
Dilation: A transformation of the plane with center O , while the scale factor r , ($r > 0$) is a rule that assigns each point P of the plane a point Dilation (P) so that:

- $Dilation(O) = O$ (i.e. the dilation does not move the center)
- If $P \neq O$, then $dilation(P)$ (which can be written as P') is the point on the ray \overrightarrow{OP} so that $|OP'| = r|OP|$.

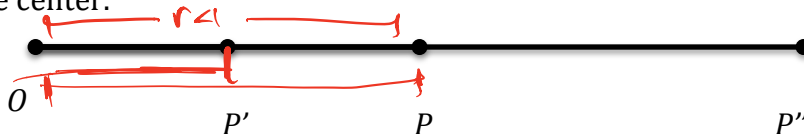
Example:

Center - "O"
Scale factor - r

$r|OR| = |OR'|$
 $r \cdot \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$



The dilation is a rule that moves points in a plane a specific distance determined by the scale factor, r . If $0 < r < 1$, the point in the plane is pulled toward the center proportionally the same amount. If $r > 1$, every point in the plane is pushed away from the center.



$OP = 2 \text{ in}$
 $OP' = 1 \text{ in}$
 $OP'' = 4 \text{ in}$

OP dilated by a scale factor of $\frac{1}{2}$ is OP'
 OP dilated by a scale factor of 2 is OP''

$r|OA| = |OP'|$

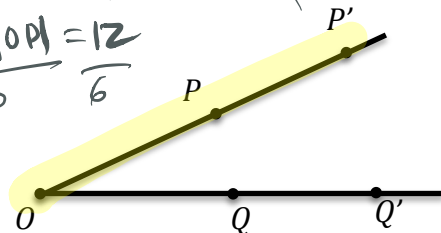
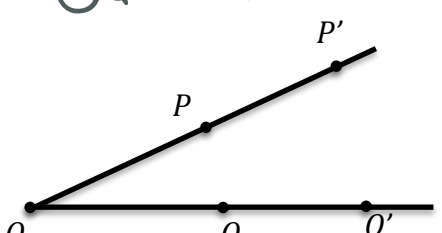
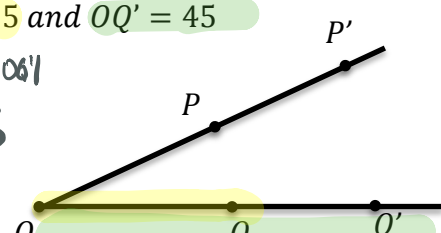
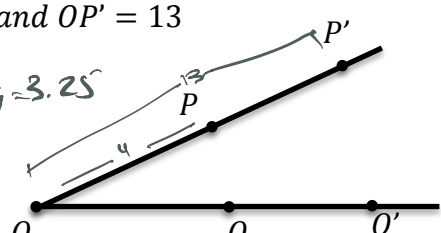
GUIDED PRACTICE:

Steps for Determining Dilations by Finding Scale Factors

1. Identify the given information:

- The length of the original segment
- The length of the dilated segment
- The scale factor

2. Substitute the given information into a formula: $|OP'| = r|OP|$.

<p>Given $OP = 5$ inches. If segment OP is dilated by a scale factor of 4, what is the length of OP'?</p> <p>$r OP = OP'$ $4 \cdot 5 = OP'$ $OP' = 20$ inches</p>	<p>Given $OP = 51$ inches. If segment OP is dilated by a scale factor of 3, what is the length of OP'?</p> <p>$r OP = OP'$ $3 \cdot 51 = OP'$ $OP' = 153$ inches.</p>
<p>Given $OP = 16$ inches. If segment OP is dilated by a factor of $\frac{1}{2}$ what is the length of OP'?</p> <p>$r OP = OP'$ $\frac{1}{2} \cdot 16 = 8$ $OP' = 8$ inches.</p>	<p>Given $OP = 33$ inches. If segment OP is dilated by a factor of $\frac{1}{3}$ what is the length of OP'?</p> <p>$\frac{1}{3} \cdot 33 = 11$ $OP' = 11$ inches.</p>
<p>Find the length of OP if $OP' = 12$ inches and $r = 6$</p> <p>$r OP = OP'$ $6 OP = 12$ $\frac{6}{6} \frac{6}{6}$ $OP = 2$ inches.</p> 	<p>Find the length of OQ' if $OQ = 18$ inches and $r = 2$</p> <p>$OQ' = 36$ inches.</p> 
<p>Find the scale factor if $OQ = 15$ and $OQ' = 45$</p> <p>$r OQ = OQ'$ $r = 3$</p> 	<p>Find the scale factor if $OP = 4$ and $OP' = 13$</p> <p>$r = \frac{13}{4} = 3.25$</p> 

NAME: _____

Math _____, Period _____

Mr. Rogove

Date: _____

INDEPENDENT PRACTICE:

Give exit ticket, questions 2 and 3 only.

ACTIVATING PRIOR KNOWLEDGE:

CLOSURE:

TEACHER NOTES:

Homework can be problem set from Lesson 1. Module 3.

Number Talk:

16x24

8x48

4x96

12 x 32

3 x??

Oct. 18

3 days

5 days

5 days

Oct 31

Nov. 4 End of T1

→ Nov. 10 Lock