Mr. Rogove

5

Date: _____

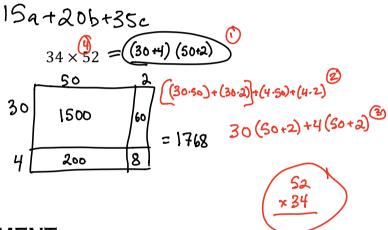
LEARNING OBJECTIVE: We will use an area model to find the area of rectangles and solve mathematical problems. (G7M6L21)

ACTIVATING PRIOR KNOWLEDGE

We know how to use an area model to multiply

3a	4 <i>b</i>	7 <i>c</i>
15a	206	35८

Multiply using an area model:



CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT

We can use area models to help us understand real world area problems. Example: A small backyard garden is 6ft. in length and 3ft. in width. The plot needs to be expanded 3 feet in length and 2 feet in width. What will the new area of the garden be?

SOLVE WITH MATH:
$$0 = 6 \times 3 = 18 \text{ sq. Pt.}$$

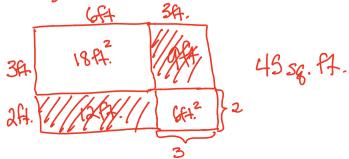
E G: $(6+3) \times (3+2)$
 $9 \times 5 = 45 \text{ sq. Pt.}$

EXTENDED

DRAW A PICTURE!

(AREA MODEL)

1



Mr. Rogove

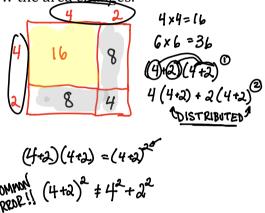
Date: _____

GUIDED PRACTICE

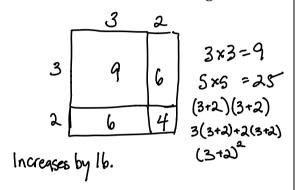
Steps for Solving Area Model Problems

- 1. Read each problem carefully and identify the dimensions and how the dimensions are changing.
- 2. Draw a picture that represents the problem.
- 3. Write an expression and simplify in order to find the area you're looking for.

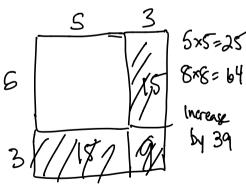
A square that has a side length of 4 units is increased by 2 units on each side. How does the area change? By how many units? Draw a picture to show how the area changes.



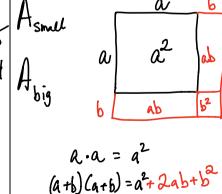
Draw a picture for a square with side length of 3 units that is increasing by 2 units. Show the area calculations and determine how the area changes.



Draw a diagram for a square with a side length of 5 units that is increasing by 3 units. Show the area calculations and determine how the area changes.

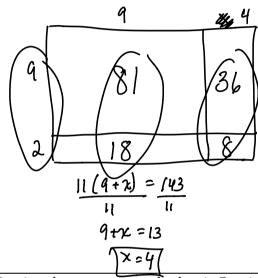


Draw a diagram for a square with a side length of *a* units that is increasing by *b* units. Show the area calculations and determine how the area changes.

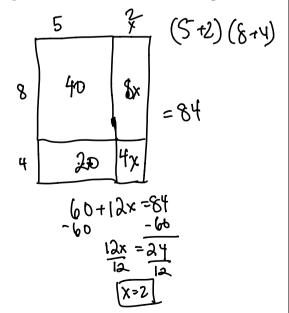


64 -25 41 Kamelia draws a square that is 9 units by 9 units. She increases the length by 2 units and the width by *x* units. If the area of the large rectangle created is 143 square units, find the value of *x*.

$$(9+2)(9+x) = 143$$



Bettina draws a rectangle that is 5 units in length by 8 units in width. She increases the length by x units and the width by 4 units. The new area is 84 square units. Find the new length.



Tyler draws a square that is 12 units by 12 units. She increases the length by x units and increases the width by 3. The new area of the rectangle is 255 units. What is the new length?

$$(12+x)(12+3) = 255$$

$$(12+x)(12+3) = 255$$

$$12+x = 17$$

$$12+x = 17$$

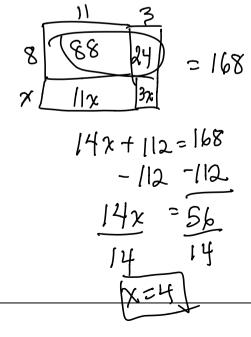
$$12 \times = 5$$

$$12 \times = 5$$

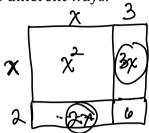
$$130 + 15x = 255$$

$$15x = 255$$

Laura draws a rectangle 11 units in length by 8 units in width. If Laura increases the length by 3 and the width by x units, the new area will be 168 squre units.



Will draws a square that has unknown side lengths of *x* units. He increases the length by 3 units and the width by 2 units. Write an expression for the new area two different ways.



Louis draws a square that has unknown side lengths of *x* units. He increases the length by 2 units and the width by 4 units. Write an expression for the new area two different ways.

$$x^{2}+6x+8$$
 $(x+2)(x+4)$
 $x(x+4)+2(x+4)$
 $x(x+2)+4(x+2)$

INDEPENDENT PRACTICE

Use an area model to multiply 31 x 31.	Use an area model to multiply 42 x 42.

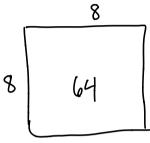
Mr. Rogove

Use area models to show that

is equal to

$$8^2 - 5^2$$
 $(44 - 25) = 34$

$$(8+5)(8-5)$$





Create an area model for the following product and write an equivalent expression to represent the area.

$$(x + 1)(x + 6)$$

Use area models to show that

$$a^2 - b^2$$

is equal to

$$(a+b)(a-b)$$

Create an area model for the following product and write an equivalent expression to represent the area.

$$(x+4)(x+3)$$

Name:	Math 7.1
Mr. Rogove	Date:
CLOSURE	
No closure.	

NOTES

ALIGNS WITH LESSON 21 FROM MODULE 6 GRADE 7.