

NAME: _____

Math 7.1

Mr. Rogove

Date: _____

LEARNING OBJECTIVE: We will rewrite expressions as the product of two factors (G7M3L5)

CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT:

Remember that when we distribute, we multiply the term outside of the parentheses to the terms inside the parentheses:

$$3(x + 6) = (3 \cdot x) + (3 \cdot 6) = 3x + 18$$

Factoring as undoing Distribution: What if we started with $3x + 18$? Could we find the greatest common factor and write equivalent expressions?

a. $2(x + 5)$	$2x + 10$
b. $3(x + 4)$	$3x + 12$
c. $6(x + 1)$	$6x + 6$
d. $7(x - 3)$	$7x - 21$
e. $5(x + 6)$	$5x + 30$
f. $8(x + 1)$	$8x + 8$
g. $3(x - 4)$	$3x - 12$
h. $5(3x + 4)$	$\frac{15x}{5} + \frac{20}{5}$

Using an Array Model

We can use an array model to rewrite expressions as well.

Examples:

	x	$4y$	3
4	$4x$	$16y$	12

$$4x + 16y + 12$$

$$4(x + 4y + 3)$$

	x	$3y$	5
2	$2x$	$6y$	10

$$2x + 6y + 10$$

$$2(x + 3y + 5)$$

GUIDED PRACTICE:**Steps for Rewriting Expressions as the Product of Two Factors**

1. Combine like terms (**if necessary)
2. Identify and factor out the greatest common factor of each term.

$\frac{15x}{3} + \frac{27y}{3} - \frac{12}{3} \quad \text{GCF: } 3$ $3(5x + 9y - 4)$	$4x + 18y - 10$ $2(2x + 9y - 5)$
$\ast \quad \frac{42x}{3} - \frac{9y}{3} + \frac{3}{3}$ $3(14x - 3y + 1)$	$\ast \quad 24x + 32y - 8 \quad \text{GCF: } 8$ $8(3x + 4y - 1)$ <p style="text-align: right;">WE NEED THIS 1!!</p>
<p>Negative GCF</p> $\frac{-3c}{-3} - \frac{51d}{-3} + \frac{81}{-3} \quad \text{GCF: } -3$ $-3(c + 17d - 27)$	$\frac{-6x}{-6} + \frac{36y}{-6} - \frac{42}{-6} \quad \text{GCF: } -6$ $-6(x + 6y - 7)$ $-6(x - 6y + 7)$ <p style="text-align: right;">NEGATIVE GCF</p>
$2(x + 6) + 3x + 18$ $\underline{2x} + \underline{12} + \underline{3x} + \underline{18}$ $(2x + 3x) + (12 + 18)$ $\frac{5x}{5} + \frac{30}{5} \quad \text{GCF: } 5$ $5(x + 6)$	$3x + 4(x + 2y) + 6y$ $(\underline{3x} + \underline{4x}) + (\underline{8y} + \underline{6y})$ $7x + 14y \quad \text{GCF: } 7$ $7(x + 2y)$

Steps for Rewriting Expressions as the Product of Two Factors

1. Combine like terms (**if necessary)
2. Identify and factor out the greatest common factor of each term.

4 different families were shopping for Halloween candy. They each purchased 2 bags of chocolate candy (kit kats) and 3 bags of sugary candy (skittles). Write two different expressions that shows how much candy these families purchased. Use the variable c for the chocolate candy and s for the sugary candy. What does each expression represent?

$4(2c + 3s)$ ← EXPRESSION 1
 4 families Candy that 1 family bought
 $8c + 12s$ ← EXPRESSION 2

Mr. Chesley made Indian corn bouquets for each of the 9 teachers in the math department. Each bouquet had 3 ears of corn. He also gave each of his colleagues 1 miniature pumpkin and 4 gourds. Write two different expressions that shows how what Mr. Chesley bought for the math teachers. Use the variable c for the corn and p for the pumpkins and g for the gourds. What does each expression represent?

$9(3c + 1p + 4g)$
 9 teachers Each teacher
 $27c + 9p + 36g$

Find the two factors by examining the array.

	$3m$	$4n$	8
2	$6m$	$8n$	16

$6m + 8n + 16$
 $2(3m + 4n + 8)$

Find the two factors by examining the array.

	x	$16y$	3
5	$5x$	$80y$	15

$5x + 80y + 15$
 $5(x + 16y + 3)$

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INDEPENDENT PRACTICE:

Steps for Rewriting Expressions as the Product of Two Factors

1. Combine like terms (**if necessary)
2. Identify and factor out the greatest common factor of each term.

$-6p + 9q$	$12x - 44y - 2z$			
$-12x + 24y - 48$	$45 - 3c - 15d$			
<p>Target is having a special sale where if you purchase 3 cartons of milk and 2 packages of oreos, you can receive \$3 discount off your total bill. 5 customers get this deal. Write 2 different expressions that would represent how much was spent using c for the cost of a carton of milk and p for the cost of a package of oreos. What do each represent?</p> <p>$5(3c + 2p + 3)$</p>	<p>Find the two factors by examining the array.</p> <table border="1"><tbody><tr><td>$7x$</td><td>$21y$</td><td>56</td></tr></tbody></table>	$7x$	$21y$	56
$7x$	$21y$	56		

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ACTIVATING PRIOR KNOWLEDGE:

We can identify the greatest common factors of numbers.

24 and 28	18 and 30
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CLOSURE:

Rewrite the following:

$$\begin{aligned} & -18 - 15x - 12y - 9x - 6y - 3 \\ & \quad \uparrow \quad \quad \uparrow \quad \quad \uparrow \quad \quad \uparrow \quad \quad \uparrow \\ & \underline{-18} + \underline{(-15x)} + \underline{(-12y)} + \underline{(-9x)} + \underline{(-6y)} + \underline{(-3)} \\ & \quad \quad \quad (-15x + (-9x)) + (-12y) + (-6y) + (-18) + (-3) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \underline{-24x} + \underline{(-18y)} + \underline{(-21)} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \underline{-3(8x + 6y + 7)} \end{aligned}$$

TEACHER NOTES:

Print out page S20 and go over it with students and assign problem set on page S22-23 as homework?

Maps to Lesson 4, except for negative distributive property...will do that as part of lesson 20a.